(\$40) dollars thereof to the Supervisors of Elections of Baltimore City; and the Board of Supervisors of Elections of Baltimore City shall pay over the amount so received to the Mayor and City Council of Baltimore, and the Board of Supervisors of Elections for each county shall pay over the amount so received to the County Commissioners of each county, respectively; and all the expenses of each of said primary elections in Baltimore City shall be paid by the Mayor and City Council of Baltimore; and all the expenses of holding said primary elections in each county, respectively, shall be paid by the County Commissioners of each county, respectively, precisely as the expenses of the State, city and county elections are now paid under existing laws; the said ballots shall be printed in number equal to 125% of the number of registered voters of the respective political parties and the said ballots shall be distributed as follows: Ballots at least equal to the number of voters of the respective political parties shall be sent to the judges and clerks of election for use on primary election day, and the surplus ballots in the counties shall be retained by the Supervisors of Elections or by an official designated by them who shall deliver said surplus ballots to any judge of election who shall make requisition therefor in writing, stating that their first supply of ballots has been exhausted or that for any cause additional ballots are needed and in Baltimore City the said surplus ballots shall be delivered by the Supervisors of Elections to the Police Commissioner, and they shall be retained in his charge or that of an officer designated by him who shall supply them to any judge of election for use on election day as above provided.

A candidate for U. S. Senator must file his nomination papers thirty clear days before the primary election. This section does not repeal or modify act of 1914, ch. 761 (see sec. 220, et seq.), so far as concerns the time within which certificates for nomination for U. S. Senate must be filed. Mandamus, denied. Iverson v. State, 137 Md. 66.

Inasmuch as the certificate of the appellee contains all of the requirements prescribed by this section, his name should be printed upon the ballot. See notes to sec. 194. German v. Sauter, 136 Md. 53.

## An. Code, sec. 184B. 1914, ch. 261.

199. In the event that the name of any candidate who shall have made a deposit with the Supervisors of Elections, as hereinabove provided, shall not appear on the official ballot at said primary election, by reason of there being no opposing candidate, such candidate shall not be entitled to a return of his deposit, but the same shall be retained by the Mayor and City Council of Baltimore, or the County Commissioners of the County to which the same shall have been paid by the Supervisors of Elections, and used in defraying the expenses of such primary election.

An. Code, sec. 185. 1908, ch. 737, secs. 160D, F, G and H. 1910, ch. 741, sec. 160H (p. 119). 1912, ch. 2, sec. 160H. 1916, ch. 160, sec. 185.

200. The names of candidates for nomination for each office or for each place or position aforesaid, respectively, shall be arranged alphabetically upon the ballots according to the surnames of the candidates. Ballots in all said primary elections shall be cast, counted and canvassed and the result of the election announced and certified in Baltimore City and in each of